Year 4 Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling

		Grammar Coverage		
Possessive apostrophes for	Using either a pronoun or the	Prepositions:	Compound nouns using	Repetition to persuade:
regular singular and plural	noun in sentences for cohesion	at, underneath, since, towards,	hyphens	Fun for now, fun for life
nouns	and to avoid repetition	beneath, beyond		
Informal and formal language	Possessive pronouns:	Plurals for nouns ending with a	Starting a sentence with "-ing",	Drop-in clause with an "-ing"
	yours, mine, theirs	"y": change the "y" to an "i"	using a comma to demarcate	verb:
	ours, hers, his, its	and add "-es"	the subordinate clause:	
				Tom, smiling secretly, hid the
		baby – babies	Flying through the air, Harry crashed into a hidden tree.	magic potion book.
				Place a comma on either side of
				the subordinate clause.
Expanded noun phrases:	Specific determiners:	Verbs ending in "y": change the	Comparative and superlative	A sentence that gives three
Changing The teacher to	their, whose, this, that,	"y" to an "i" and add "-es"	adjectives:	actions:
The strict English teacher with	these, those, which		Change the "y" to an "i" and	
the grey beard		carry – carries	add either "-er" or "-est"	Tom slammed the door, threw
				his books on the floor and
			happy – happier – happiest	slumped to the ground.
Fronted adverbials followed by	Verbs –	Know the difference between a	Capital letters for proper	Prefixes to give the antonym:
a comma: prepositional phrases	Past perfect continuous:	preposition and an adverb	nouns:	"im-", "in-", "ir-", "il-"
starting with an adjective and	"had" + past participle + "-ing"		names, places, days of the	
ending in "-ed"			week, months, titles and	
			languages	
Plural nouns of words ending in	Powerful verbs	Verbs –	Compound sentences using all	Adjectives ending in "-ed":
"o":	Find synonyms of words to up-	Modal verbs: could, should,	the co-ordinating conjunctions	frightened, scared, etc.
Know which words to add "s"	level sentences and give a	would		
to, which to add "-es" to and	greater effect			
which could take either "s" or "-				
es"				
Using inverted commas where the speech is preceded by the				
speaker:				
Mary yelled, "Sit down!"				
Capital letter and punctuation is needed between the inverted				
commas. New speaker, new line. Add an adverb to describe the				
manner in which the words were said.				

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Spelling	Sentence/ grammar lessons		
Plural nouns of words ending in "o"	Possessive apostrophe for singular and regular plurals		
Specific determiners	Informal and formal language		
Synonyms for verbs	Expanded noun phrases		
Progressive/continuous verbs	Fronted adverbials		
Modal verbs	Inverted commas		
Proper nouns – names of people, places, titles, languages, months and days	Use of pronouns for cohesion and to avoid repetition		
Finding the antonyms of words using the prefixes "im-", "in-", "ir-", "il-"	How to use specific determiners		
Adjectives ending in "-ed"	Past perfect continuous tense		
Verbs ending in "y": change "y" to "i" and add "-es"	Change verbs in a sentence to give greater effect		
Noun plurals ending in "y": change "y" to "i" and add "-es"	Starting a sentence with an "-ing" verb		
Comparative and superlative adjectives ending in "y": happy – happier – happiest	Write a drop-in clause with an "-ing" verb		
Prepositions	Modal verbs		
Compound nouns using hyphens	Know the difference between a preposition and an adverb		
Specific determiners	Compound sentences		
Possessive pronouns	Start a sentence with a preposition and a comma		
It must be noted that these spelling are in addition to the spellings advised by the	Repetition to persuade		
2014 National Curriculum.	Write a sentence with three actions and each clause separated with a comma or a coordinating conjunction		
	How to use possessive pronouns		

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This document is to be used in conjunction with the accompanying "Grammar progression" and "Sentence development" documents. It is important to look at the year before and after to be able to differentiate and to identify how the children could develop further. Using these documents will arm you with information on how to help your pupils, set goals and identify next steps for their writing.

This covers all the areas for the 2014 National Curriculum and more.

Each year group builds on the year before, so it is fundamental that teachers are aware of what has been taught in previous years. Therefore, teachers could highlight the sections covered and embedded and pass this information on to the next class teacher.